Dooley LaFalce Rahall Doyle Lantos Rangel Durbin Levin Reed Edwards Lewis (GA) Richardson Engel Lipinski Rivers Eshoo Roemer Lofgren Rose Roybal-Allard Evans Lowey Farr Luther Fattah Maloney Rush Fazio Manton Sabo Filner Markey Sanders Flake Martinez Schroeder Foglietta Mascara Schumer Ford Matsui Scott Frank (MA) McCarthy Serrano Frost McDermott Skaggs Geidenson McHale Skelton Gibbons McKinney Slaughter Gonzalez McNulty Spratt Stenholm Gordon Meehan Green (TX) Meek Stokes Gutierrez Menendez Studds Hall (OH) Millender-Stupak Hamilton McDonald Tanner Harman Miller (CA) Taylor (MS) Hastings (FL) Tejeda Minge Hefner Hilliard Thompson Mink Moakley Thurman Mollohan Torres Hinchey Holden Moran Torricelli Hover Murtha Towns Hutchinson Nadler Velazquez Neal Vento Jackson (IL) Jackson-Lee Visclosky Oberstan Obey (TX) Volkmer Jacobs Jefferson Olver Walsh Ortiz Ward Johnson (SD) Orton Waters Johnson, E. B. Owens Watt (NC) Kanjorski Pallone Waxman Kennedy (MA) Williams Pastor Payne (NJ) Kennedy (RI) Wise Kennelly Pavne (VA) Woolsev Kildee Pickett Wynn Kleczka Pomeroy Yates Klink Poshard Klug Quinn

ANSWERED "PRESENT"-10

Borski Goss Sawyer Cardin Hobson Schiff Cooley Johnson (CT) Gephardt Pelosi

NOT VOTING—19

Ackerman Ganske Peterson (FL) Quillen Hayes Cox Dicks Heineman Štark Fields (LA) Johnston Stockman Thornton Fields (TX) Kaptur Funderburk Lincoln

Longley

So the motion to lay the resolution on the table was agreed to.

¶110.22 ADJOURNMENT OVER

Furse

On motion of Mr. ARMEY, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That when the House adjourns on Friday, September 20, 1996, it adjourn to meet on Monday, September 23, 1996, at 12:00 noon.

$\P110.23$ Hour of Meeting

On motion of Mr. ARMEY, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That when the House adjourns on Monday, September 23, 1995, it adjourn to meet at 10:30 a.m. on Tuesday, September 24, 1996.

¶110.24 CALENDAR WEDNESDAY BUSINESS DISPENSED WITH

On motion of Mr. ARMEY, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That business in order for consideration on Wednesday, September 25, 1996, under clause 7, rule XXIV, the Calendar Wednesday rule, be dispensed with.

¶110.25 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO ANGOLA

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

I hereby report to the Congress on the developments since March 25, 1996, concerning the national emergency with respect to Angola that was declared in Executive Order 12865 of September 26, 1993. This report is submitted pursuant to section 401(c) of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1641(c), and section 204(c) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1703(c).

On September 26, 1993, I declared a national emergency with respect to Angola, invoking the authority, inter alia, of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) and the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287c). Consistent with United Nations Security Council Resolution 864, dated September 15, 1993, the order prohibited the sale or supply by United States persons or from the United States, or using U.S.-registered vessels or aircraft, of arms and related materiel of all types, including weapons and ammunition, military vehicles, equipment and spare parts, and petroleum and petroleum products to the territory of Angola other than through designated points of entry. The order also prohibited such sale or supply to the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola ("UNITA"). United States persons are prohibited from activities that promote or are calculated to promote such sales or supplies, or from attempted violations, or from evasion or avoidance or transactions that have the purpose of evasion or avoidance, of the stated prohibitions. The order authorized the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to take such actions, including the promulgation of rules and regulations, as might be necessary to carry out the purposes of the order.

1. On December 10, 1993, the Secretary of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) issued the UNITA (Angola) Sanctions Regulations (the "Regulations") (58 Fed. Reg. 64904) to implement the President's declaration of a national emergency and imposition of sanctions against Angola (UNITA). There have been no amendments to the Regulations since my report of March 25, 1996.

The Regulations prohibit the sale or supply by United States persons or from the United States, or using U.S.-registered vessels or aircraft, of arms and related materiel of all types, including weapons and ammunition, military vehicles, equipment and spare parts, and petroleum and petroleum products to UNITA or to the territory of Angola other than through designated points. United States persons are also prohibited from activities that

promote or are calculated to promote such sales or supplies to UNITA or Angola, or from any transaction by any United States persons that evades or avoids, or has the purpose of evading or avoiding, or attempts to violate, any of the prohibitions set forth in the Executive order. Also prohibited are transactions by United States persons, or involving the use of U.S.-registered vessels or aircraft, relating to transportation to Angola or UNITA of goods the exportation of which is prohibited.

The Government of Angola has designated the following points of entry as points in Angola to which the articles otherwise prohibited by the Regulations may be shipped: Airports: Luanda and Katumbela, Benguela Province; Ports: Luanda and Lobito, Benguela Province; and Namibe, Namibe Province; and *Entry Points:* Malongo, Cabinda Province. Although no specific license is required by the Department of the Treasury for shipments to these designated points of entry (unless the item is destined for UNITA), any such exports remain subject to the licensing requirements of the Departments of State and/or Commerce.

2. The OFAC has worked closely with the U.S. financial community to assure a heightened awareness of the sanctions against UNITA-through the dissemination of publications, seminars, and notices to electronic bulletin boards. This educational effort has resulted in frequent calls from banks to assure that they are not routing funds in violation of these prohibitions. United States exporters have also been notified of the sanctions through a variety of media, including special fliers and computer bulletin board information initiated by OFAC and posted through the U.S. Department of Commerce and the U.S. Government Printing Office. There have been no license applications under the program.

3. The expenses incurred by the Federal Government in the 6-month period from March 26, 1996, through September 25, 1996, that are directly attributable to the exercise of powers and authorities conferred by the declaration of a national emergency with respect to Angola (UNITA) are reported to be about \$227,000, most of which represents wage and salary costs for Federal personnel. Personnel costs were largely centered in the Department of the Treasury (particularly in the Office of Foreign Assets Control, the U.S. Customs Service, the Office of the Under Secretary for Enforcement, and the Office of the General Counsel) and the Department of State (particularly the Office of Southern African Affairs).

I will continue to report periodically to the Congress on significant developments, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1703(c).

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

The White House, September 19, 1996.

By unanimous consent, the message was referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 104–266).

$\P 110.26$ Point of order

Mr. VOLKMER during special order speeches addressed the House and, during the course of his remarks,

Mr. WALKER made a point of order, and said:

"Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. VOLKMER] is discussing matters that are not appropriately addressed under the rules of the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, sustained the point of order, and said:

'The Chair will sustain the point of order inasmuch as the gentleman may not discuss such matters not currently

'The gentleman [Mr. VOLKMER] may

proceed in order."

¶110.27 POINT OF ORDER

Mr. VOLKMER further addressed the House and, during the course of his remarks.

Mr. WALKER made a point of order, and said:

"The gentleman from Missouri [Mr. VOLKMER] continues to be out of

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, sustained the point of order, and said:

The Chair will sustain the point of order and share at this point the ruling of November 17, 1995:

'The prohibition against references in the debate to the official conduct of other Members where such conduct is not under consideration in the House includes reciting the content of a resolution raising a question of the privileges of the House which is no longer pending, having been tabled by the House.

"The gentleman [Mr. VOLKMER] may proceed in order.".

¶110.28 POINT OF ORDER

Mr. VOLKMER further addressed the House and, during the course of his remarks,

Mr. WALKER made a point of order, and said:

"Mr. Speaker, the gentleman continues to be out of order, and it is an embarassment to the House to have the gentleman continue to disobey the rules knowingly and completely with

malice.''.
The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, sustained the point of order, and said:

'The Chair sustains the point of order and requests that the gentleman [Mr. VOLKMER] proceed in order as indicated by the Chair earlier.".

¶110.29 POINT OF ORDER

Mr. VOLKMER further addressed the House and, during the course of his remarks.

Mr. WALKER made a point of order, and said:

'The gentleman is obviously attempting to simply disobey the rules, and the gentleman obviously has no comport to the Oath of Office that he took earlier in this Congress and, you know, is embarassing the House with his present disobeying of the rules, and I insist on my point of order.".

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, sustained the point of order, and said:

'The point of order by the gentleman is sustained, and the Chair would remind the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. VOLKMER] that he may not speak to matters which are now under consideration by the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct or to the motivation of Members who bring questions before the House.".

¶110.30 POINT OF ORDER

Mr. VOLKMER further addressed the House and, during the course of his re-

Mr. WALKER made a point of order, and said:

"The gentleman continues to be out of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, sustained the point of order, and said:

"The Chair sustains the point of order. * * *

"The Chair would remind the gentleman that Speakers in prior Congresses have also supported these rul-

ings.
"The gentleman from Missouri [Mr. VOLKMER] may proceed in order."

¶110.31 SENATE BILL REFERRED

A bill of the Senate of the following title was taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 982. An Act to protect the national information infrastructure, and for other pur-

¶110.32 ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on House Oversight, reported that that committee had examined and found truly enrolled bills of the House of the following titles, which were thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 2679. An Act to revise the boundry of the North Platte National Wildlife Refuge, to expand the Pettaguamscutt Cove National Wildlife Refuge, and for other purposes;

H.R. 3060. Ān Act to implement the Protocol on Environmental Protection to the Antarctic Treaty;

H.R. 3396. An Act to define and protect the institution of marriage;

H.R. 3553. An Act to amend the Federal Trade Commission Act to authorize appropriations for the Federal Trade Commission; and

H.R. 3816. An Act making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1997, and for other purposes.

¶110.33 SENATE ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

The SPEAKER announced his signature to enrolled bills of the Senate of the following titles:

S. 533. To clarify the rules governing removal of cases to Federal court, and for other purposes: and

S. 677. To repeal a redundant venue provision, and for other purposes.

¶110.34 BILL PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on House Oversight, reported that that

committee did on this day present to the President, for his approval, a bill of the House of the following title:

On September 19, 1996:

H.R. 2428. An Act to encourage the donation of food and grocery products to nonprofit organizations for distribution to needy individuals by giving the Model Good Samaritan Food Donation Act the full force and effect of law.

¶110.35 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, for today.

And then,

¶110.36 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. BROWN of Ohio, at 5 o'clock and 24 minutes p.m., the House adjourned.

¶110.37 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. YOUNG of Alaska: Committee on Resources. H.R. 3828. A bill to amend the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 104-808). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. SOLOMON: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 525. Resolution waiving a requirement of clause 4(b) of rule XI with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 104-809). Referred to the House Calendar.

¶110.38 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of rule X and clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

> By Mr. WILLIAMS (for himself and Mr. OXLEY):

H.R. 4114. A bill to improve and expand the system of safety of precautions that protects the welfare of professional boxers, to assist State boxing commissions to provide proper oversight for professional boxing, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities, and in addition to the Committee on Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. FRAZER (for himself, Ms. McKinney, Mr. Owens, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Ms. Waters, Mr. Moran, Mr. Rush, Mr. Lafalce, Mrs. Clay-TON, Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. WARD, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. WYNN, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mrs. MEEK of Florida, Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas, and Mr. JEF-

H.R. 4115. A bill to require the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to study the feasibility of a Residential Windstorm Insurance Program designed to provide windstorm insurance to residential property owners unable to obtain coverage in the private market and to require a study by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury, and